

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **SEPARATE**

**For the nine-month period between January 1st
and September 30th 2023**

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.

Cra. 43A #5A - 113

Medellín, Colombia

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RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS OVER THE ACCOUNTS

The Directors are required to prepare the financial statements, for each financial period, that reasonably present the financial position of the Company, results, and cash flows, at September 30, 2023, with comparative figures at September 30 and December 31, 2022. For the preparation of these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- Select appropriate accounting policies and apply them consistently.
- Present information, including accounting policies, that are relevant, reliable, comparable, and comprehensive.
- Make judgments, and reasonable, prudent estimates.
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any significant deviation revealed, and explained, in the accounts.
- Prepare the accounts, based on the ongoing business, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors confirm that the accounts meet the above requirements.

In addition, the Directors consider that they are responsible for maintaining appropriate accounting records, which reveal, with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial situation of the Company. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and, therefore, for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud, and other irregularities.

Gonzalo Alberto Pérez Rojas
President

Juan Guillermo Chica Ramírez
Public Accountant
Professional Card 64093-T

CERTIFICATION OF THE CONDENSED SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The undersigned Legal Representative and Public Accountant, under whose responsibility the consolidated financial statements were prepared, certify:

That for the issuance of the statement of financial position, at September 30, 2023, and of the separate income statement for the year, as well as, the statement of other comprehensive income, changes in equity statement, and the cash flow statement, for the year ended on that date, which are in compliance with the norms, and are made available to shareholders and third parties, and whose information, contained in them, have been previously verified and the figures taken faithfully from the books.

Said affirmations, explicit and implicit, are the following:

Existence: The assets and liabilities of Grupo de Inversiones Suramericana S.A., exist on the cut-off date and the transactions recorded, have been realized during the year.

Integrity: All economic events have been recognized.

Rights and obligations: The assets represent probable future economic benefits, and liabilities represent probable future economic sacrifices, obtained or under the charge of Grupo de Inversiones Suramericana S.A., on the cut-off date.

Valuation: All elements have been recognized, in the appropriate amounts.

Presentation and disclosure: Economic events have been correctly classified, described, and disclosed.

In accordance with Article 46 of Law 964 of 2005, in my capacity as legal representative of Grupo de Inversiones Suramericana S.A., the financial statements, and other reports relevant to the public, related to the fiscal year between September 30, 2023 and September 30 and December 31, 2022, do not contain defects, inaccuracies, or errors, that prevent the knowledge of the true financial situation, and the operations of the Company.

Gonzalo Alberto Pérez Rojas
President

Juan Guillermo Chica Ramírez
Public Accountant
Professional card 64093-T

AUDITORS REPORT

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CHAPTER

CONDENSED INTERIM SEPARATE
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.
Condensed Interim Separate Financial Position Statement
September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian pesos)

	Note	September 2023	December 2022
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	16	485,543	5,025
Investments	5	67,402	83,577
Derivative instruments	5	445,773	995,673
Receivables from related parties	17	745,836	233,870
Other accounts receivables		7,341	1,037
Investments in associates	7	10,177,933	14,490,162
Investments in subsidiaries	7	16,330,081	18,043,934
Non-current assets held for sale	8	4,312,229	-
Properties and equipment		2,014	2,441
Right-of-use assets		16,525	17,156
Deferred tax assets	6	-	148,713
Other assets		244	244
Total assets		32,590,921	34,021,832
Liabilities			
Financial liabilities	5	1,430,133	839,980
Derivative instruments	5	200,562	437,145
Lease liabilities		12,176	12,237
Accounts payable to related entities	17	407,140	159,493
Other accounts payable		109,625	34,136
Net current tax liabilities	6	600	407
Employee benefits		2,377	6,875
Bonds issued	5	3,642,330	4,369,515
Deferred tax liabilities	6	361,544	-
Preferred shares		459,781	459,955
Total liabilities		6,626,268	6,319,743
Equity			
Issued capital		109,121	109,121
Share premium		3,290,767	3,290,767
Reserves		7,100,001	6,837,602
Reserve for share repurchase		300,000	244,848
Earnings for the year		977,907	1,058,964
Retained earnings		11,957,266	11,925,247
Other comprehensive income	10	2,229,591	4,235,540
Total equity		25,964,653	27,702,089
Total equity and liabilities		32,590,921	34,021,832

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Gonzalo Alberto Pérez Rojas
Legal Representative

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Accountant
P.C. 64093-T

Daniel Andrés Jaramillo Valencia
Auditor
P.C. 140779-T
Designated por Ernst & Young Audit S.A.S. TR-530
(See my report of November 14, 2023)

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.
Condensed Interim Separate Income Statement
September 30, 2023 and 2022

(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian pesos except net earnings per share)

		Accumulated		Quarter	
	Note	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Income					
Dividends	11	1,161,899	931,885	-	-
Income from investments	11	12,313	817	2,081	299
Net (loss) gain on investments at fair value	5	(9,847)	1,587	(923)	(227)
Income from equity method	7	886,183	311,566	100,944	40,220
Other income	11	32,160	37,606	(39)	16,132
Operational income		2,082,708	1,283,461	102,063	56,424
Operational expenses					
Administrative expenses	12	(51,122)	(38,440)	(13,762)	(10,170)
Employee benefits		(21,926)	(19,739)	(7,536)	(5,829)
Fees	13	(45,094)	(32,595)	(15,010)	(4,630)
Depreciations		(1,837)	(1,931)	(610)	(650)
Other expenses		-	(2)	-	-
Operational expenses		(119,979)	(92,707)	(36,918)	(21,279)
Operating profit		1,962,729	1,190,754	65,145	35,145
Net (loss) gain from fair value adjustments to derivatives	5	(79,259)	37,758	(9,500)	30,603
Foreign exchange net	14	45,187	(26,735)	417	(25,723)
Interest expense	14	(472,239)	(382,929)	(156,058)	(135,783)
Net financial income	14	(506,311)	(371,906)	(165,141)	(130,903)
Profits before tax		1,456,418	818,848	(99,996)	(95,758)
Income tax	6	(478,511)	(8,206)	12,037	(6,884)
Net profit		977,907	810,642	(87,959)	(102,642)
Net earnings per share	15	1,740	1,452	(74)	(123)
Net earnings per diluted share		1,654	1,400	(59)	(108)

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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(See my report of November 14, 2023)

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.
Condensed Interim Separate Statements of Comprehensive Income
September 30, 2023 and 2022

(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian pesos)

	Note	Accumulated		Quarter	
		September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Net income for the period		977,907	810,642	(87,959)	(102,642)
Other comprehensive income					
Items that will not be reclassified to income for the period, net of taxes					
(Loss) Gain from investments in equity instruments	10	(14,013)	10,025	(4,520)	10,658
Total other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the results of the period, net of deferred taxes		(14,013)	10,025	(4,520)	10,658
Items to be reclassified to income for the period, net of taxes					
Gain (loss) on cash flows hedges	10	61,706	(80,318)	67,506	(75,540)
Participation of other comprehensive income OCI from associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	10	(2,053,642)	1,070,145	(1,193,647)	837,807
Total other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss, net of taxes		(1,991,936)	989,827	(1,126,141)	762,267
Total other comprehensive income		(2,005,949)	999,852	(1,130,661)	772,925
Total comprehensive income		(1,028,042)	1,810,494	(1,218,620)	670,283

The notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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(See my report of November 14, 2023)

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.
Condensed Interim Separate Statement of Changes in Equity
September 30, 2023 and 2022

(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian pesos)

	Note	Issued capital	Share premium	Reserves	Reserves for share repurchase	Net income for the period	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2021		109,121	3,290,767	6,883,389	244,848	408,328	11,884,043	1,926,468	24,746,964
Other comprehensive income	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	999,852	999,852
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	810,642	-	-	810,642
Total net comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	810,642	-	999,852	1,810,494
Transfer to retained earnings		-	-	408,328	-	(408,328)	-	-	-
Distribution of 2021 results									
Ordinary dividend (784 pesos per share) recognized as distributions to owners	9	-	-	(454,115)	-	-	-	-	(454,115)
Minimum dividends, preferred shares		-	-	-	-	-	30,356	-	30,356
Shareholder dividend withholding effect		-	-	-	-	-	486	-	486
At September 30, 2022		109,121	3,290,767	6,837,602	244,848	810,642	11,914,885	2,926,320	26,134,185

	Note	Issued capital	Share premium	Reserves	Reserves for share repurchase	Net income for the period	Retained earnings	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	Total equity
Balance at December 31, 2022		109,121	3,290,767	6,837,602	244,848	1,058,964	11,925,247	4,235,540	27,702,089
Other comprehensive income	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,005,949)	(2,005,949)
Net income for the year		-	-	-	-	977,907	-	-	977,907
Total net comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	977,907	-	(2,005,949)	(1,028,042)
Transfer to retained earnings		-	-	1,058,964	-	(1,058,964)	-	-	-
Distribution of 2022 results									
Ordinary dividend (1,280 pesos per share) recognized as distributions to owners	9	-	-	(741,413)	-	-	-	-	(741,413)
Share repurchase ⁽¹⁾		-	-	(55,152)	55,152	-	-	-	-
Minimum dividends, preferred shares		-	-	-	-	-	30,357	-	30,357
Shareholder dividend withholding effect		-	-	-	-	-	1,662	-	1,662
At September 30, 2023		109,121	3,290,767	7,100,001	300,000	977,907	11,957,266	2,229,591	25,964,653

⁽¹⁾ On March 31, 2023, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting approved the appropriation of the occasional reserve to the share repurchase program for this amount.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.
Condensed Interim Separate Statement of Cash Flows
September 30, 2023 and 2022
(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian pesos)

	Note	September 2023	September 2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Pre-income tax gain		1,456,418	818,848
Adjustments to reconcile net income			
Interest	14	472,239	382,929
Depreciation and amortization expense		1,837	1,931
Unrealized (losses) gains from foreign currency conversion		(45,280)	23,873
Fair value - Derivatives		46,055	(37,758)
Undistributed earnings from the application of the equity method	7	(886,183)	(311,565)
Withholding tax on dividends received		1,662	486
Amortization of usufruct	17	(32,177)	(37,540)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Increase (decrease) in other accounts payable		75,304	(20,896)
Increase in other accounts receivable		(6,304)	(4,052)
Increases in accounts receivable from related parties		(1,161,899)	(931,885)
Adjustment for employee benefits		(4,498)	(20,284)
Dividends received from associates and subsidiaries		1,196,326	726,114
Income taxes paid (refunded)		(1,288)	14,394
Interest paid		(3,047)	(86)
Cash flows from operating activities		1,109,165	604,509
Cash flows used in investment activities			
Other payments to acquire equity or debt instruments of other entities		-	(31,085)
Other proceeds from the sale of equity or debt instruments of other entities		35,365	-
Sale of property and equipment		78	21
Purchase of property and equipment		(856)	(823)
Cash flows used in investment activities		34,587	(31,887)
Cash flows used in financing activities			
Collections from futures contracts, forward contracts and financial options (swaps)		(110,299)	(2,334)
Proceeds from loans		1,024,699	999,713
Loan repayments		(740,928)	(1,112,527)
Payment of financial lease liabilities		(1,485)	(1,396)
Dividends paid		(483,920)	(314,107)
Interest paid		(350,532)	(242,128)
Cash flows used in financing activities		(662,465)	(672,779)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		481,287	(100,157)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(769)	5,246
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		5,025	96,327
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		485,543	1,416

The notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Gonzalo Alberto Pérez Rojas
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(See my report of November 14, 2023)

II

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CHAPTER

NOTES TO THE
FINANCIAL

GRUPO DE INVERSIONES SURAMERICANA S.A.**NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

For the period ended September 30, 2023 (with comparative figures as of December 31, 2022 for the statement of financial position and as of September 30, 2022 for the statement of income, other comprehensive results, changes in equity and cash flows).

(Amounts expressed in millions of Colombian Pesos, excluding and earnings per shares and exchange rates values expressed in Colombian pesos).

NOTE 1. REPORTING ENTITY

Grupo de Inversiones Suramericana S.A., is a public corporation, established and domiciled in Colombia, whose shares are listed on the stock exchange. It is the result of the spin-off of Compañía Suramericana de Seguros S.A., according to Public Deed No. 2295 of December 24, 1997 of the 14th Notary Office of Medellín, formalized in accounting terms on January 1, 1998; its main domicile is the city of Medellín, at Cra. 43ª # 5ª - 113 Piso 13-15; but it may have branches, agencies, offices and representations in other places in the country and abroad, when so determined by its Board of Directors. The duration of the Company is until the year 2097. Its corporate purpose is investment in real estate and personal property. In the case of investment in personal property, in addition to any kind of personal property, investments may be in shares, quotas or parts in companies, entities, organizations, funds or any other legal figure that allows investment of resources. Likewise, it may invest in fixed or variable income papers or documents, whether or not they are registered in the public stock market, in any case, the issuers and/or receivers of the investment may be public or private, national or foreign. The fiscal year shall be adjusted to the calendar year, annually, effective December thirty-first (31).

The Company is subject to the surveillance of the Financial Superintendency of Colombia (SFC acronym for the Spanish original), given its role as a Holding Company in the Financial Conglomerate SURA-Bancolombia through Resolution No 156 of February 2019 of the Financial Superintendency of Colombia.

NOTE 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**2.1. Statement of compliance**

The separate financial statements of Grupo de Inversiones Suramericana S.A., for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2023, have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and the accounting and financial reporting standards accepted in Colombia (NCIF), issued by Decree 2420 of 2015, as amended. These accounting and financial reporting standards correspond to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), in the versions accepted by Colombia through the aforementioned Decrees.

The application of such international standards in Colombia is subject to some exceptions established by the regulator and contained in Decree 2420 of 2015 and amendments. These exceptions vary depending on the type of company and are as follows:

- Exceptions applicable to all financial information preparers.

Article 2.2.1 of Decree 2420 of 2015, added by Decree 2496 of the same year and amended by Decrees 2131 of 2016, 2170 of 2017, 2483 of 2018 and 2270 of 2019, establishes that the determination of post-employment benefits for future retirement or disability pensions shall be made in accordance with the requirements of IAS 19, however, it requires the disclosure of the calculation of pension liabilities in accordance with the parameters established in Decree 1625 of 2016, articles 1. 2.1.1.18.46 and following and, in the case of partial pension commutations in accordance with the provisions of numeral 5 of Article 2.2.2.8.8.31 of Decree 1833 of 2016, reporting the variables used and the differences with the calculation made under the terms of the technical framework under NCIF.

2.2. Basis of presentation

2.2.1. Bases of measurement and presentation

Bases of measurement

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, with the exception of the following important items, included in the Statement of Financial Position:

- Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).
- Employee benefits, which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation.
- Investments in subsidiaries measured under the equity method.

Presentation of separate financial statements

The separate financial statements are prepared based on the following:

The separate statement of financial position presents assets and liabilities on the basis of their liquidity, since it is considered that this provides reliable information that is more relevant than that provided by an approach based on the distinction between current and non-current items.

The separate income statement and other comprehensive income are presented separately. The items in the income statement are broken down according to the nature of expense method, so as to provide reliable and more relevant information.

The separate cash flow statement is presented using the indirect method, whereby cash flows from operating activities are determined by adjusting profit for the effects of items not affecting cash flow, net changes in assets and liabilities related to operating activities and any other effects of items not classified as investing or financing activities. Interest income and expense are presented as components of operating activities.

2.3. Significant accounting policies

The accompanying financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required for a year-end financial statement and therefore, these condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as of December 31, 2022.

The accounting policy for non-current assets held for sale is detailed in note 8.

NOTE 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES, AND CAUSES OF UNCERTAINTY IN THE PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The preparation of the separate financial statements in accordance with NCIF requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed regularly. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods impacted.

The determination of such estimates and assumptions is subject to internal control procedures and approvals, for which internal and external studies, industry statistics, environmental factors and trends, and regulatory and normative requirements are considered.

At the cut-off date of this report, there have been no changes in significant accounting estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the separate financial statements as at 31 December 2022.

The separate financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and as of September 30, 2023 there are no material uncertainties regarding events or conditions that raise significant doubt about the ability of any of the Group companies to continue as a going concern; nevertheless, given the uncertainty of EPS Suramericana's business, the subsidiary Suramericana has performed the following analysis, which is detailed below.

Evaluation of the going concern principle of the EPS Suramericana S.A. subsidiary.

In particular for the business of EPS Suramericana S.A., a subsidiary of Suramericana, the capacity of this Company to continue under the ongoing business hypothesis has been evaluated, due to the existence of events or materialized financial conditions that as of said date can be evidenced in accumulated losses as of September 30, 2023 for an amount of \$210 billion pesos and whose main and material causes are summarized as follows:

- i. The increase in the accident rate arising from the higher frequency that has been occurring since the year 2022 and whose trend is continuing.
- ii. The structural and gradual insufficiency of the Capitation Payment Unit (*UPC, acronym in Spanish original*) paid monthly by the government to meet the obligations derived from the Benefit Plan.
- iii. The insufficient payment of maximum budgets for the attention of non-Health Benefits Plan beneficiaries (*PBS, acronym in Spanish original*), as well as pending payment obligations by the State, regarding past periods, for the same concept.
- iv. Existence of portfolio and outstanding balances from past periods, other than maximum budget benefits.

- v. Accumulated debts for Covid Benefits (*Canastas Covid, in Spanish Original*), not recognized by the National Government.

The above-mentioned factors have caused the consolidated financial statements to show a negative net asset of EPS Sura's operations in the amount of \$31 billion pesos, as a result of the accumulated losses of said entity.

Considering the circumstances described above, and which have generated impacts on the regulatory indicators, as stated and certified by the National Superintendence of Health in public information disclosed under its legal obligations derived from Article 1° of Decree 647 of 2022, as of July 2023, Management considers that there are important uncertainties related to events and conditions that may generate significant doubts about the entity's capacity to continue as a going concern, mainly derived from situations whose outcome and development will enable to have more decision elements, such as:

- i. The 2024 Capitation Payment Unit* (*UPC, Acronym in Spanish original*) increase standard project, which will be socialized to stakeholders by the end of 2023 and will have a significant and material impact on the budget, future income and results in 2024.
- ii. The ongoing existence of a legislative discussion in the plenary session of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the Republic that may result in a legislative transition and substantial change of the business, raising the transition or transformation of the business purpose,
- iii. The absence of current regulation of article 153 of the National Development Plan, related to maximum budgets and COVID debts, which imply a substantial materiality in the future development of the business (described in numeral iii);
- iv. The existence of approaches, conversations and technical discussions with the National Government where attributes and continuity of the health system as it is currently and,
- v. The existence of discretionary and optional regulatory conditions of the activity regulator to authorize, condition or deny the eventual withdrawal of E.P.S. SURA from the system.

In this regard, it is important to point out that the subsidiary Suramericana S.A. with the Administration of E.P.S. SURA, have taken a series of management measures to mitigate the described risk event, such as:

- a. Legal action of nullity and direct reparation with regard to the insufficiency of the 2022 Capitation Payment Unit* (*UPC, acronym in Spanish original*).
- b. Judicial actions for nullity and direct reparation regarding the insufficiency of maximum budgets for the years 2021 and 2023.
- c. Judicial action for direct reparation regarding the insufficiency of COVID 2021 baskets.
- d. Other recovery processes advanced and managed since 2008 (17 judicial processes advanced, 13 active judicial processes to date).
- e. Constant dialogue with the regulator, through meetings, union negotiations, and other similar activities, seeking the timely and technical resolution of the regulatory and political management required for the country's national health system.

Management considers that it is possible to conclude the existence of the going concern principle in EPS Suramericana S.A., as the flow of resources from the usual UPC compensation process is still occurring periodically.

* The Capitation Payment Unit is the annual value recognized for each of the members of the general social security health system.

NOTE 4. NORMS ISSUED NOT EFFECTIVE YET

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the condensed interim separate financial statements are consistent with those used in the preparation of the annual separate financial statements as of December 31, 2022, except for the adoption of new standards issued as of January 1, 2023 and interpretations that have been published, but are not applicable at the date of these financial statements, the Company will adopt these standards on the date on which they become effective, in accordance with the decrees issued by the local authorities.

Several of the amendments that apply for the first time in 2023 have no impact on these interim financial statements.

4.1. New standards incorporated into the accounting framework accepted in Colombia which application must be evaluated on a mandatory basis in periods subsequent to January 1, 2023.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020 cycle

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7: Benchmark interest rate reform

The amendments provide a number of exemptions that apply to all hedging relationships that are directly affected by the benchmark interest rate reform. A hedging relationship is affected if the reform results in uncertainty about the timing and or amount of the benchmark-based cash flows of the hedged item or hedging instrument.

The amendments were incorporated through Decree 938 of 2021, which is effective as of January 1, 2023. This amendment had an impact of the IBOR reform in Colombia, see note 5.2.1.

Amendments to IAS 1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify the following points:

- The meaning of the right to defer the settlement of a liability.
- That the right to defer settlement of the liability should be granted at year-end.
- That the classification is not affected by the probability that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability.
- That only if any embedded derivative in a convertible liability itself represents an equity instrument, the terms of the liability would not affect its classification.

- The amendments were incorporated by decree 938 of 2021, which will be in effect as of January 1, 2023. These changes had no impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations - Reference to the Conceptual Framework. The amendments are intended to replace the reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989, with the reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting, issued in March 2018, without significantly changing its requirements. The Board also added an exception to the recognition principle of IFRS 3 to avoid the issue of potential "day 2" gains or losses arising from liabilities and contingent liabilities, which would fall within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 Liens, if incurred separately.

At the same time, the Board decided to clarify the existing IFRS 3 guidelines with respect to contingent assets that would not be affected by the replacement of the reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements.

The amendments were incorporated by means of Decree 938 of 2021, which will be effective as from January 1, 2023. These amendments do not impact the Group's current financial statements, but may affect future periods if the Group were to enter into any business combination.

Amendment to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds Before Intended Use

In May 2020, the IASB issued Property, plant and equipment - Revenue before intended use, which prohibits entities from deducting the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, i.e., any revenue from the sale of the items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, the entity should recognize in profit or loss the proceeds from the sale of such items and the costs incurred in their production.

The amendments were incorporated by Decree 938 of 2021, which will be effective as of January 1, 2023. These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Amendments to IAS 37: Onerous Contracts - Costs Incurred in the Performance of a Contract

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 to specify which costs an entity should include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making.

The amendments state that a "directly related cost approach" should be applied. Costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs are not directly related to the contract and should be excluded unless they are explicitly attributable to the counterparty under the contract.

The amendments were incorporated by decree 938 of 2021, which will be effective from January 1, 2023. The Group is evaluating the potential effect of this standard on its financial statements.

Amendments to IFRS 1: First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

The amendment allows subsidiaries that elect to apply paragraph D16 (a) of IFRS 1 to measure cumulative exchange differences using the amounts reported by the controlling entity, based on the date of transition to IFRS of such controlling entity. This amendment also applies to associates or joint ventures that elect to apply paragraph D16 (a) of IFRS 1.

The amendments were incorporated by means of Decree 938 of 2021, which will be effective as from January 1, 2023. These amendments had no impact on these financial statements and are not expected to have an impact on future financial statements of the Group.

Amendment to IFRS 9: Fees in the '10 percent' test to determine derecognition of financial liabilities

The amendment clarifies that the fees that entities include when assessing whether the terms of any new or amended financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or the lender on behalf of the other. Entities must apply the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged as of the beginning of the annual period in which they first apply this amendment.

The amendments were incorporated by Decree 938 of 2021, which will be effective as of January 1, 2023. These amendments had no impact on the Company's financial statements.

4.2. New standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) that have not yet been incorporated in these financial statements.

IFRS 17: Insurance contracts

In May 2017, the IASB issued IFRS 17, a new comprehensive accounting standard for insurance contracts covering measurement and recognition, presentation and disclosure. Once effective, IFRS 17 will replace IFRS 4, issued in 2005. IFRS 17 applies to all types of insurance contracts, regardless of the type of entities issuing them, as well as certain guarantees and financial instruments with discretionary participation features. This standard includes few exceptions.

The general objective of the standard is to provide an accounting model for insurance contracts that is more useful and consistent for insurers. Contrary to the requirements of IFRS 4, which mainly seeks to protect previous local accounting policies, IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for these contracts, including all relevant issues. The essence of this standard is a general model, supplemented by:

- A specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (variable fee approach).
- A simplified approach (the allocation premium approach) mainly for short-term contracts.

IFRS 17 has not been introduced into the Colombian accounting framework by means of any decree to date.

Improvements 2021

Amendments to IAS 8: Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendment was published by the IASB in February 2021 and clearly defines an accounting estimate: "Accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty".

Clarify the use of an accounting estimate, and differentiate it from an accounting policy. In particular, it is mentioned "an accounting policy may require that elements of the financial statements be measured in a manner that involves measurement uncertainty—that is, the accounting policy may require that these elements be measured at monetary amounts that cannot be directly observed and must be estimated. In this case, an entity develops an accounting estimate to achieve the stated objective of the accounting policy."

The amendments were incorporated by means of Decree 1611 of 2022, which will be effective as from January 1, 2024. The Group is evaluating the potential effect of this standard on its financial statements.

Amendments to IAS 1: Disclosures about accounting policies

The amendments clarify the following points:

- The word "significant" is amended to "material or materially relevant".
- The accounting policies to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements are clarified: "An entity shall disclose information about its significant accounting policies that are material.
- Clarifies when an accounting policy is considered material or of relative importance.
- Incorporates the following paragraph: "Information about accounting policies that focuses on how an entity has applied the requirements of IFRSs to its own circumstances provides entity-specific information that is more useful to users of the financial statements than standardized information or information that only duplicates or summarizes the requirements of IFRSs".

The amendments were incorporated by Decree 1611 of 2022, which will be effective from January 1, 2024. These amendments did not have an impact on these financial statements and are not expected to have an impact on future financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to IAS 12: Deferred Taxes related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction.

The amendment allows the recognition of a deferred tax liability or asset that has arisen in a transaction that is not a business combination, in the initial recognition of an asset or liability that at the time of the transaction, does not give rise to taxable and deductible temporary differences of the same amount.

The cumulative effect of the change in accounting policy is recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings at that date.

The amendments were incorporated by Decree 1611 of 2022, which will be effective as of January 1, 2024. The Group is evaluating the potential effect of this standard on its financial statements.

NOTE 5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

For assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value, there were no changes during the interim period between the different hierarchy levels, valuation processes, techniques and types of inputs used.¹

5.1. Financial Assets**5.1.1. Investments**

The breakdown of investments is as follows:

	September 2023	December 2022
At fair value through OCI ⁽¹⁾	35,920	49,932
At fair value through profit or loss ⁽²⁾	31,482	33,645
Total Investments	67,402	83,577
Current investments	-	-
Non-current investments	67,402	83,577
Total Investments	67,402	83,577

⁽¹⁾ OCI: Other Comprehensive Income

⁽²⁾ The balance of investments corresponds mainly to the segregated account in Bermuda in July 2022, after entering into a participation agreement with SURA SAC LTD. According to the operation of the cell, the resources invested in the cell of SURA SAC LTD, do not meet the condition of obtaining contractual cash flows with specific dates of payment of principal and interest; this investment is made with the objective of enabling a retention scheme, by the Company, of risks associated to eventual claims made by third parties. In the event of a claim, any obligation will be backed with the resources existing in the cell.

Below is a detail of net gains on investments at fair value:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Fair value investments	(879)	(1,272)	-	(1,272)
Difference on exchange of investments	(8,968)	2,859	(923)	1,045
Total	(9,847)	1,587	(923)	(227)

The following is the carrying value and unrealized gains or losses on equity instruments with effect in other comprehensive income at September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	September 2023	September 2022
September 2023	Carrying value	Unrealized gain /(loss)
Enka de Colombia S.A.	35,920	(14,013)
September 2022	Carrying value	Unrealized gain /(loss)
Enka de Colombia S.A.	50,327	10,025

¹ Disclosures such as a description of the valuation processes (IFRS 13.93(g)) and the valuation techniques and inputs used (IFRS 13.93(d)) are available in the 2022 annual financial statements. (see 2.3 significant accounting policies).

For assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value, there were no changes during the interim period between the different hierarchy levels, valuation processes, techniques and types of inputs used.²

5.2. Financial liabilities

The following is a list of financial liabilities, including accounts payable of Grupo SURA:

	Note	September 2023	December 2022
Financial obligations ^(*)		1,430,133	839,980
Bonds issued	5.2.2	3,642,330	4,369,515
Preferred shares		459,781	459,955
Subtotal financial liabilities for capital management		5,532,244	5,669,450
Derivative instruments	5.2.1	200,562	437,145
Accounts payable to related parties ^(**)	17	407,140	159,493
Other accounts payable ^(***)		109,625	34,136
Subtotal other financial liabilities		717,327	630,774
Total financial liabilities		6,249,571	6,300,224

The breakdown of financial liabilities between current and non-current and according to their valuation methodology is presented below:

September 2023				
Current	Note	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value	Total
Financial obligations		658,466	7,297	665,763
Derivative instruments	5.2.1	-	33,408	33,408
Accounts payable to related parties	17	407,140	-	407,140
Other accounts payable		109,625	-	109,625
Bonds issued	5.2.2	167,478	-	167,478
Total		1,342,709	40,705	1,383,414
Non-Current		Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value	Total
Financial obligations		764,370	-	764,370
Derivative instruments	5.2.1	-	167,154	167,154
Accounts payable to related parties		-	-	-
Other accounts payable	17	-	-	-
Bonds issued	5.2.2	3,474,852	-	3,474,852
Preferred shares		459,781	-	459,781
Total		4,699,003	167,154	4,866,157
Financial liabilities		6,041,712	207,859	6,249,571
December 2022				
Current	Note	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value	Total
Financial obligations		80,653	61,455	142,108
Derivative instruments	5.2.1	-	7,070	7,070
Accounts payable to related parties	17	159,493	-	159,493
Other accounts payable		34,136	-	34,136
Bonds issued	5.2.2	352,680	-	352,680
Total		626,962	68,525	695,487

² Disclosures such as a description of the valuation processes (IFRS 13.93(g)) and the valuation techniques and inputs used (IFRS 13.93(d)) are available in the 2022 annual financial statements. (see 2.3 significant accounting policies).

Non-Current		Financial liabilities at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value	Total
Financial obligations		697,872	-	697,872
Derivative instruments	5.2.1	-	430,075	430,075
Bonds issued	5.2.2	4,016,835	-	4,016,835
Preferred shares		459,955	-	459,955
Total		5,174,662	430,075	5,604,737
Financial liabilities		5,801,624	498,600	6,300,224

(*) Financial obligations correspond to loans acquired with Bancolombia Group, BBVA and Davivienda Miami, at rates ranging from 0.36% to 16.23% as of September 2023 and from 4.36% to 17.25% as of December 2022.

The variation compared to the previous period corresponds to loans acquired with Davivienda Miami for USD 40 million and a loan acquired with Bancolombia in September for \$450 billion.

(**) The variation in accounts payable to related parties in relation to December 2022 is due to the recognition of the dividend decree

(***) The variation in other accounts payable is due to the increase in accounts payable to suppliers.

5.2.1. Derivative instruments

The following is the detail of derivative financial instruments assets and liabilities outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	Note	September 2023		December 2022	
		Asset	Liabilities	Asset	Liabilities
Hedge Derivatives	5.2.1.1	404,525	140,823	869,816	362,123
Trading Derivatives	5.2.1.2	41,248	59,739	125,857	75,022
Total derivatives¹		445,773	200,562	995,673	437,145
Current Derivatives		5,745	33,408	-	7,070
Non-current Derivatives		440,028	167,154	995,673	430,075
Total derivatives		445,773	200,562	995,673	437,145

¹The variation in net position, compared to the previous period, is due to the valuation of the instruments.

As a result of the adjustment of the inputs used in the valuation of derivatives in response to the implementation of the IBOR reform in Colombia, there is an effect of \$ 70 billion in the net position.

5.2.1.1. Hedge derivatives

The following operations were carried out during the year:

- Five (5) call spread structures (call option purchased + call option sold), the purpose of which is to widen the hedging range.

As of September 30, 2023 and after the modifications executed, Grupo SURA uses the following hedging instruments:

- Twenty-three (23) Principal-Only Cross Currency Swap (Principal-Only CCS).
- Two (2) call spread structures (call option purchased + call option sold).
- Five (5) call spread structures (call option bought + call option sold), whose purpose is to widen the hedging range.
- Two (2) Seagull structures (call option bought + call option sold + put option sold), whose purpose is to widen the hedging range of the two call spread structures.
- Seven (7) out-of-the-money call options sold that are part of the structure and are included in the

CCS contracts.

In this set of structures, the company acquires the right to receive USD \$530 million at maturity and semi-annual flows in USD at a fixed rate of 0% NASV; and in consideration, it is obliged to pay an agreed amount and a specific fixed rate in COP in each of the derivatives that comprise the structure.

In accordance with the hedging strategies, Grupo SURA has decided to record the time value of the options and swaps in other comprehensive income and amortize it systematically to income over the term of the hedges.

The following is a detail of the nominal and fair value by type of hedging derivative as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 2023		December 2022	
	Nominal value	Fair Value	Nominal value	Fair Value
Assets				
Swap				
Cross Currency Swap	1,380,964	190,877	1,464,915	564,830
Subtotal	1,380,964	190,877	1,464,915	564,830
Options				
Currency Call Option	1,456,210	213,648	759,300	304,986
Subtotal	1,456,210	213,648	759,300	304,986
Total Assets	2,837,174	404,525	2,224,215	869,816
Liabilities				
Swap				
Cross Currency Swap	83,950	748	-	-
Subtotal	83,950	748	-	-
Options				
Currency Call Option	2,733,685	135,760	1,668,685	359,368
Currency Put Option	329,650	4,315	329,650	2,755
Subtotal	3,063,335	140,075	1,998,335	362,123
Total Liabilities	3,147,285	140,823	1,998,335	362,123

*The nominal value of CCS and forwards corresponds to the hedged amount in foreign currency multiplied by the hedging rate and in options hedged/exposed amount by the exercise value of the option.

The following is the summary of the movements in total other comprehensive income for the effect of options and swaps used as hedging instruments during the period ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

	OCI		Results	
	Note	Effective part	Note	Effective part
Balance at December 31, 2021	10.3	(29,626)		
Variation in the fair value of hedges during the year		(69,082)	14.1	307,535
Amortization of temporary securities.	14.2	(54,484)		-
Balance at September 30, 2022	10.3	(153,192)		307,535
Balance at December 31, 2022	10.3	(205,163)		
Variation in the fair value of hedges during the year.		162,744	14.1	(371,477)
Amortization of temporary securities.	14.2	(67,811)		-
Balance at September 30, 2023	10.3	(110,230)		(371,477)

The number of hedging instruments is 50 at September 30, 2023 and 40 at December 31, 2022.

5.2.1.2. Trading derivatives

Grupo SURA presents derivative financial instruments for trading purposes, especially Cross Currency Swap contracts, Interest Rate Swap, Forward and options on exchange rates and interest rates. Although they are trading derivatives, their purpose is to hedge foreign currency obligations, they have not been designated as hedge accounting.

The following is a detail of the nominal and fair value by type of trading derivative as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 2023		December 2022	
	Nominal value	Fair Value	Nominal value	Fair Value
Assets				
Forward				
Cross currency	448,934	5,745	-	-
Subtotal	448,934	5,745	-	-
Swap				
Cross currency	1,562,983	35,503	1,562,983	125,857
Subtotal	1,562,983	35,503	1,562,983	125,857
Total assets	2,011,917	41,248	1,562,983	125,857
Liabilities				
Forward				
Currency option	229,473	31,403	70,552	190
Subtotal	229,473	31,403	70,552	190
Swap				
Cross currency	848,262	26,331	769,262	67,952
Interest rate	100,000	2,005	100,000	6,880
Subtotal	948,262	28,336	869,262	74,832
Total Liabilities	1,177,735	59,739	939,814	75,022

The notional value of CCS and forwards corresponds to the amount hedged in foreign currency multiplied by the hedging rate and in options amount hedged/exposed by the exercise value of the option.

A detail of the results of trading derivatives is presented below:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Trading income	(98,572)	277,624	(2,959)	144,589
Trading expenses	19,313	(239,866)	(6,541)	(113,986)
Total	(79,259)	37,758	(9,500)	30,603

The number of trading instruments are 30 as of September 30, 2023 and 20 as of December 31, 2022.

5.2.2. Bonds issued

Details of the bonds issued are presented below:

Amortized cost	Fair value
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Date of issue	Maturity date	Nominal value	Emission rate	September 2023	December 2022	September 2023	December 2022
29- Apr -16	29- Apr -26	⁽¹⁾ USD 550	5.50%	2,187,240	2,557,294	2,090,075	2,511,803
07- May -14	07- May -23	⁽²⁾ 223,361	IPC + 3.80%	-	227,625	-	227,875
23- Feb -17	23- Feb -29	190,936	IPC + 3.58%	192,782	194,696	181,280	163,594
23- Feb -17	23- Feb -24	165,515	IPC + 3.19%	167,478	168,657	167,554	162,880
07- May -14	07- May -30	100,000	IPC + 4.15%	101,107	101,117	96,549	87,094
25- Nov -09	25- Nov -29	98,000	IPC + 5.90%	98,811	98,865	100,877	91,408
25- Nov -09	25- Nov -49	97,500	IPC + 6.98%	97,121	97,210	107,217	92,302
11- Aug -20	11- Aug -23	⁽³⁾ 123,750	IBR + 1.49%	-	125,055	-	121,110
11- Aug -20	11- Aug -27	296,350	IPC + 2.54%	303,992	304,612	277,197	253,963
11- Aug -20	11- Aug -32	180,320	IPC + 3.39%	185,424	185,675	166,572	146,750
11- Aug -20	11- Aug -40	299,580	IPC + 3.78%	308,375	308,709	273,675	239,817
Total bonds issued				3,642,330	4,369,515	3,460,996	4,098,596
Current bonds issued				167,478	352,680	167,554	348,985
Non-current bonds issued				3,474,852	4,016,835	3,293,442	3,749,611

⁽¹⁾ At September 30, 2023, the notional value is USD 530 million, due to the repurchase made during 2022 for USD 20 million.

⁽²⁾ On May 7, 2023 the bond issued in 2014 matured.

⁽³⁾ On August 11, 2023 the bond issued in August 2020 matured.

5.2.3. Commitments with non-controlling shareholders

Grupo Sura, as an investor of Suramericana S.A. and Sura Asset Management S.A., has entered into shareholder agreements ("Agreements") through which rules have been formalized for the participation of strategic partners in the capital stock of the companies that are part of Grupo Empresarial SURA, with which long-term relationships have been established, based on the mutual interest of sharing knowledge and business strategies in each of these subsidiaries. All of them have been developed with the support of expert advisors in financial, legal, accounting and tax matters, among others, in line with the strategic objectives defined by Grupo SURA.

These agreements include corporate governance provisions, minimum shareholder tenure periods, declarations, exit mechanisms and, in general, the usual clauses for this type of contract in companies not listed on a stock market, and may eventually generate future commitments for Grupo SURA.

According to the relevant information published on March 22, 2023, the Board of Directors of Grupo Bolívar decided to make use of the put option established in the Exit Agreement. To date the option has not been used.

In general terms, these agreements include:

Agreement with Munich RE ("MRE") as a partner in Suramericana S.A., holder of an 18.87% equity interest:

It has been signed since 2001 and establishes, among other matters, mechanisms by which an eventual divestment of MRE would be implemented. The agreement establishes an option whereby MRE may sell to Grupo SURA its 18.87% interest in Suramericana S.A., the price of such interest would be determined by an independent third party using commonly accepted valuation methodologies and determining a fair market value of a minority investment. The option may be exercised only between March 1 and 31 of each year.

Agreement with Caisse De Dépôt Et Placement Du Québec ("CDPQ") as a partner in Sura Asset Management S.A., holder of a 6.68% equity interest:

- It was entered into in 2019, amended in 2022 and establishes that Grupo SURA, during the period between February and May 2024, may sell to CDPQ up to 3.3% of Sura AM shares (not to exceed a total CDPQ stake of 9.9%) at fair market value, which will be determined by independent third parties.
- Additionally, this Agreement establishes the mechanisms by which an eventual divestment of CDPQ would be implemented, as of April 2029, once the agreed permanence period is over. Among others, it is agreed that, after April 2029 and as long as Sura AM has not been listed in a recognized Stock Exchange or Stock Market, and CDPQ has not executed a sale to a third party, CDPQ may sell its shares of Sura AM to Grupo SURA at fair market value, which will be determined by independent third parties and paid by Grupo Sura in cash or with its own equity instruments, applying in any case the corporate procedures required by Colombian law.

Agreement with Grupo Bolivar and affiliates ("GB") as a partner in Sura Asset Management S.A., holder of a 9.74% equity interest:

- This Agreement was entered into in 2011, amended in 2013 and establishes the following mechanisms through which an eventual divestment of GB would be implemented: i) direct sale to third parties, ii) acquisition funded with dividends declared by Sura AM, and iii) exchange for Grupo SURA's own equity instruments, consisting of preferred shares, applying in all cases the corporate procedures required by Colombian law.
- A formula is established to determine the yield that Grupo Sura must guarantee to GB, in the event that GB decides to divest its participation in Sura AM. Said yield is calculated in Colombian pesos and is established based on: (i) Colombian inflation plus 4 percentage points for the first 5 years on GB's investment and; (ii) Sura AM's equity variations thereafter. Depending on the divestment mechanism, Grupo Sura would be responsible for paying the amount of the minimum guaranteed return or completing the differential between the value of the divestment made by GB and the result obtained from the application of the formula.

Exit option with non-controlling shareholders

In the separate financial statements these instruments are classified as derivatives at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value for the commitments with CDPQ and Munich Re is zero, considering that the exercise price and the underlying asset (shares subject to the contract) are at fair value. In the case of the derivative with Grupo Bolivar, the fair value is zero, considering that the exercise price is lower than the fair value of the underlying asset (shares subject of the contract).

Valuations are prepared and reviewed periodically by qualified internal personnel and are compared with other accepted methodologies under international standards such as multiples of comparable companies and precedent transactions.

In summary, the value of commitments with non-controlling interests was calculated as follows:

Co Investors	Valuation methodology	Significant variables of the methodology
Múnich Re	Discounted Cash Flow: DDM (Dividend Discount Model)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * Sum of shares of the main business units of the subsidiaries Sura Asset Management and Suramericana. * Dividends discounted over a 10-year horizon. * Projections based on the companies' business plans.

		* Discount rate based on CAPM methodology.
CDPQ		* Macroeconomic assumptions according to the average expectation of market analysts.
Grupo Bolivar	Formula established in the contract (minimum guaranteed return)	According to the terms of the agreement

NOTE 6. TAXES

The following are the taxes recognized in the statement of financial position:

	Note	September 2023	December 2022
Net deferred tax assets	6.2	-	148,713
Net deferred tax liabilities	6.2	361,544	-
Net current tax liability	6.1	600	407

6.1. Current income tax

a) Current tax recognized in the statement of financial position:

	September 2023	December 2022
Current tax assets		
Income tax asset	878	-
Income tax payable	1,478	407

Grupo Sura estimates the recovery of current tax assets as follows:

	September 2023	December 2022
Current tax asset recoverable before 12 months	878	-
Current tax liability payable before 12 months	1,478	407

b) Tax recognized in income for the period:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Current tax expense	(1,480)	(175)	119	473
Current tax	(1,478)	-	119	473
Prior period adjustment	(2)	(175)	-	-
Deferred tax income (expense)	(477,031)	(8,031)	11,918	(7,357)
Constitutions / reversal of temporary differences	(477,031)	(8,031)	11,918	(7,357)
Income tax	(478,511)	(8,206)	12,037	(6,884)

c) Effective tax rate reconciliation.

The reconciliation of the effective tax rate of the Group applicable for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, is as follows:

September 2023		September 2022	
Rate	Balance	Rate	Balance

Profit before tax		1,456,418		818,848
Income tax by applying the local tax rate	35%	(509,746)	35%	(286,597)
Plus, tax impact from:				
Items that increase taxable income		(690,999)		(118,580)
Non-deductible expenses ⁽¹⁾		(186,517)		(118,404)
Property and equipment		-		(1)
Financial liabilities		(10,871)		-
Investment ⁽²⁾		(493,611)		-
Prior period adjustment		-		(175)
Items that decrease taxable income		722,234		396,971
Non-taxed income ⁽³⁾		310,164		109,048
Untaxed dividends		382,626		274,784
Property and equipment		967		-
Provisions and contingencies		11,262		13,139
Exempt income		16,507		-
Tax loss carryforwards		215		-
Tax deductions		493		-
Income tax		32.86% (478,511)		1% (8,206)

(1) Includes expenses for legal limitations associated with non-income taxable income and donations, among others.

(2) Tax related to the investment in an associate, Grupo Nutresa. The classification of the investment as available for sale makes it necessary, in accordance with IAS 12, to recognize the deferred tax liability against the statement of income, for the temporary difference presented, calculated at the rate of 15%, since according to Article 300 of the Colombian Tax Statute, having owned the asset object of the transaction for a period of more than two years, the income originated therefrom is susceptible of constituting occasional gain. The transaction is explained in detail in note 8.

IAS 12 requires entities to account for the tax consequences of transactions and other events in the same manner as they account for those same transactions or economic events. Thus, the tax effects of transactions and other events that are recognized in profit or loss for the period are also recorded in profit or loss.

(3) Corresponds to income from equity method of subsidiaries.

The variation is mainly due to the recognition of the deferred tax liability related to the investment in the associate Grupo Nutresa, in addition to the increase in income before taxes associated with the dividends received as non-taxed.

d) Movement in current tax

The following is the movement that generated the balance of income and supplementary income as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	September 2023	December 2022
Balance of income tax payable as of January 1	407	(14,759)
Current income tax liability	1,071	909
Assets for withholdings, returns and prepayments	(878)	14,257
Balance of income tax payable	600	407

As a general rule, the income tax return becomes final in 3 years from the date of filing; for returns where a transfer pricing study was performed, the term of its finality will be 6 years. For the taxable period 2022, the Company availed itself of the audit benefit and its finality will be of 6 months.

6.2. Deferred tax

Movement and net balance of deferred taxes consists of the following items:

Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	September 2023	Recognized results	Other comprehensive income	December 2022	Recognized results	Other comprehensive income	December 2021
Non-current assets held for sale	(493,611)	(493,611)	-	-	-	-	-
Properties and Equipment	190	(174)	-	364	(53)	-	417
Financial Liabilities	131,188	18,164	(33,226)	146,250	6,708	61,438	78,104
Employee Benefits	78	(1,677)	-	1,755	(1,433)	(42)	3,230
Right of use	611	267	-	344	261	-	83
Total	(361,544)	(477,031)	(33,226)	148,713	5,483	61,396	81,834

Grupo SURA estimates to recover deferred tax assets as follows:

	September 2023	December 2022
Deferred tax liability recoverable before 12 months	(493,611)	-
Deferred tax asset recoverable after 12 months	132,067	148,713

6.3. Tax matters in Colombia

In the year 2023 the general income tax rate is 35% and 15% for income from occasional gains (10% for the year 2022). In the case of financial institutions, a surtax of 5 percentage points applies (3 for 2022). The audit benefit is extended for the years 2022 and 2023 to reduce the time of finality of the income tax return by 6 or 12 months, provided that the net income tax is increased by 35% or 25%, respectively.

On December 13, 2022 the National Government issued Law 2277 - Tax Reform for Equality and Social Justice where the most important modifications regarding income tax are the increase in the surtax from 3 to 5 points for financial institutions and insurance companies until 2027; the creation of a minimum tax rate of 15% for national companies and the increase of the rate for occasional gains from 10% to 15%.

6.4. Deferred Tax Assets Not Recognized

In accordance with current tax legislation, losses generated in income tax and complementary taxes may be offset with the net income obtained in the following 12 periods, taking into account the formula established in paragraph 5 of Article 290 of the Tax Statute. The tax losses determined shall not be fiscally readjusted.

The deferred tax asset related to these tax losses has not been recognized, as the Company has assessed and concluded that it is not probable that the deferred tax asset related to these losses will be recoverable.

Tax losses accumulated up to 2016 may be offset against future ordinary income taxable income, at any time, without any percentage limitation. Tax losses of the following years may be offset at most with the net income of the following twelve (12) years to the year of their occurrence.

The following table shows, by maturity limit, the basis for deductible temporary differences, corresponding to tax losses and excess of presumptive income on which no deferred tax asset has been recognized:

	Losses		Excess	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Between 1 and 5 years	-	-	-	274
No time limit	174,010	174,624	-	-
Total tax benefits	174,010	174,624	-	274

6.5. Uncertainty regarding income tax treatments

Taking into account the criteria and judgments in the determination and recognition of taxes, as of September 30, 2023, no situations have been identified that generate tax uncertainty and that should be recognized for accounting purposes, in accordance with the framework defined by IFRIC 23.

NOTE 7. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

7.1. Investment in associates

General information on investments in associates

The detail of the associates of Grupo SURA at the date of the reporting period is as follows:

Investment	September 2023			December 2022		
	% Participation (*)	% Right to vote (**)	# Shares	% Participation (*)	% Right to vote (**)	# Shares
Bancolombia S.A.	24.43%	46.11%	235,012,336	24.43%	46.11%	235,012,336
Grupo Argos S.A.	27.05%	35.78%	234,285,682	26.95%	35.63%	234,285,682
Grupo Nutresa S.A.	-	-	-	35.61%	35.61%	163,005,625

(*) Participation in the associated company based on total shares issued.

(**) Equity interest in the associated company based on the total number of common shares with the benefit of voting rights.

Cross shareholdings

The associate Grupo Argos S.A. in turn has an equity interest in Grupo SURA. Such shareholding is not prohibited by Colombian regulations since the shareholders are not subordinate companies of Grupo SURA. The interest that Grupo Argos S.A. has in Grupo SURA as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is as follows:

Associates	September 2023		December 2022	
	% Participation	% Right to vote	% Participation	% Right to vote
Grupo Argos S. A.	27.51%	34.14%	27.51%	34.14%
Grupo Nutresa S.A. (*)	10.71%	13.29%	10.71%	13.29%

(*)(*) Grupo Nutresa was reclassified as a non-current asset available for sale as of June 2023; however, we include reciprocal participation, since, as of the third quarter, these percentages remain the same.

Grupo SURA records its participations under the cost model.

Balance and movement in associates

The following is a detail of investments in associates as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	Bancolombia S.A.	Grupo Argos S.A.	Grupo Nutresa S.A.	Total
As of December 31, 2022	5,606,586	4,571,347	4,312,229	14,490,162
Classification Assets held for sale (See note 8)	-	-	(4,312,229)	(4,312,229)
As of September 30, 2023	5,606,586	4,571,347	-	10,177,933

Grupo Sura has 43,373,328 shares of Grupo Argos, pledged as collateral for financial obligations with Bancolombia S.A. as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Dividends received

Dividend income is derived from the following issuers:

	Note	September 2023	September 2022
Bancolombia S.A.		831,004	733,238
Grupo Argos S.A.		134,714	117,143
Grupo Nutresa S.A. ⁽¹⁾		195,391	80,813
Total, dividends received from associates	11	1,161,109	931,194

⁽¹⁾ The dividend income declared by Grupo Nutresa has no effect due to the classification of the asset as held for sale, Grupo SURA continues to exercise significant influence and the economic rights thereof.

Financial information of associates

The assets, liabilities, equity and results for the year of each of the associated companies as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

September 2023	Location	Asset	Liabilities	Equity	Income	Profit	Other comprehensive income	Comprehensive income
Bancolombia S.A.	Colombia	338,183,915	299,689,245	38,494,670	15,706,296	4,763,030	(2,825,345)	1,937,685
Grupo Argos S.A.	Colombia	52,312,696	22,980,546	29,332,150	16,981,637	1,395,870	(2,790,837)	(1,394,961)

December 2022	Location	Asset	Liabilities	Equity	Income	Profit	Other comprehensive income	Comprehensive income
Bancolombia S.A.	Colombia	352,814,733	312,817,182	39,997,551	20,632,429	6,996,365	2,883,827	9,880,192
Grupo Argos S.A.	Colombia	56,941,068	24,911,164	32,029,904	21,339,706	1,440,341	3,602,224	5,042,565
Grupo Nutresa S.A.	Colombia	20,757,388	9,952,691	10,804,697	17,037,823	903,767	1,389,980	2,293,747

7.2. Investments in subsidiaries

General information on investments in subsidiaries

The following are the shareholdings of the subsidiaries in which Grupo SURA has direct and indirect control as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

Company	Country	Economic activity	Percentage of property		Date of creation
			September 2023	December 2022	
SURA Asset Management S.A.	Colombia	Investor	83.58%	83.58%	15/09/2011
ARUS Holding S.A.S.	Colombia	Investment in real estate and personal property	100%	100%	11/07/2012
ARUS S.A.	Colombia	Marketing of products and solutions in telecommunications	100%	100%	16/08/1988
Enlace Operativo S.A.	Colombia	Outsourcing of Information processing services	100%	100%	31/05/2006
Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.S.	Colombia	Investor	100%	100%	30/08/2007
Suramericana S.A.	Colombia	Investor	81.13%	81.13%	25/05/1999
SURA Ventures S.A.	Panama	Investor	100%	100%	21/02/2018

Balance and movement in investments in subsidiaries

The following is the detail of the balance and movement of investments in subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

	SURA Asset Management S.A.	Suramericana S.A.	Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.S.	SURA Ventures S.A.	Arus Holding S.A.S.	Enlace Operativo S.A.	Arus S.A.	Total
Balance at January 01, 2022	10,658,830	4,197,660	106,113	103,257	72,403	1,465	3,235	15,142,963
Additions ⁽¹⁾	-	-	85,806	-	-	-	-	85,806
Equity method	368,306	397,213	20,987	(43,328)	2,411	142	15	745,746
Dividends	(278,449)	(48,678)	(14,872)	-	-	-	-	(341,999)
Change in equity ⁽²⁾	1,845,210	548,405	1,949	15,854	-	-	-	2,411,418
Balance as of December 31, 2022	12,593,897	5,094,600	199,983	75,783	74,814	1,607	3,250	18,043,934
Equity method	538,953	350,973	(5,671)	1,300	562	308	(242)	886,183
Dividends	(306,294)	(218,455)	(20,720)	-	(868)	(57)	-	(546,394)
Change in equity ⁽²⁾	(1,489,495)	(549,092)	(3,031)	(12,024)	-	-	-	(2,053,642)
Balance as of September 30, 2023	11,337,061	4,678,026	170,561	65,059	74,508	1,858	3,008	16,330,081

- (1) The increase of \$ 85,806 million corresponds to capitalization in the subsidiary Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.S., with which 274,304 shares of this company are received. The capitalization is carried out through the delivery of a usufruct right for 16 months on 73,240,000 shares of Grupo Nutresa S.A.
- (2) The variation corresponds mainly to the foreign currency translation adjustment of the subsidiaries that have presence in the different countries of the region.

Financial information of subsidiaries

The assets, liabilities, equity and results for the year of each of the subsidiary companies included in the financial statements for the period as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are as follows:

September 2023	Asset	Liability	Equity	Profit	Other comprehensive income	Income
SURA Asset Management S.A. (*)	30,505,836	18,247,765	12,258,071	644,856	(1,777,268)	(4,442,662)
Arus Holding S.A.S. (*)	174,749	94,300	80,449	584	-	(217,580)
ARUS S.A.	122,741	98,716	24,025	(4,684)	-	(163,961)
Enlace Operativo S.A.	44,786	12,396	32,390	5,359	-	(53,588)

Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.	175,771	5,209	170,562	(5,671)	(3,009)	(29,068)
Suramericana S.A. (*)	39,596,105	33,821,310	5,774,795	432,610	(572,913)	(20,427,403)
Sura Ventures S.A.	65,210	151	65,059	1,300	(12,022)	(1,329)

December 2022	Asset	Liability	Equity	Profit	Other comprehensive income	Income
SURA Asset Management S.A. (*)	31,537,725	18,047,940	13,489,784	440,678	2,204,015	(3,939,791)
Arus Holding S.A.S. (*)	165,670	84,914	80,756	2,502	-	(256,592)
ARUS S.A.	122,821	94,112	28,709	295	-	(203,538)
Enlace Operativo S.A.	32,774	4,743	28,031	2,477	-	(53,031)
Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.	205,133	5,149	199,984	20,987	2,116	(78,378)
Suramericana S.A. (*)	41,517,197	35,227,336	6,289,861	489,606	528,175	(25,211,263)
Sura Ventures S.A.	75,960	179	75,781	(43,328)	15,853	43,215

(*) Figures taken from the Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTE 8. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

As informed by the Company through the relevant information mechanism on June 15³, Grupo SURA has entered into a series of documents (the "Agreements") comprised of a framework agreement and annexed documents that regulate in detail the different aspects of a transaction (the "Transaction") to be carried out between Grupo SURA, JGDB Holding S. A.S. ("JGDB"), Nugil S.A.S. ("Nugil"), International Capital Holding L.L.C ("IHC"), Grupo Nutresa S.A. ("Grupo Nutresa") and Grupo Argos S.A. ("Grupo Argos"), collectively the parties (the "Parties"), in development of the Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") that had been signed and announced to the market on May 24, 2023.

Through these Agreements, the terms and conditions were defined to enter into a series of transactions which, once the pertinent corporate and regulatory authorizations are obtained and the agreed conditions are fulfilled, are expected to have the following results:

- JGDB, Nugil and IHC would become controlling shareholders of Grupo Nutresa's food business, with a shareholding of at least 87% of the outstanding common shares of such company.
- To achieve this result, Grupo Nutresa will carry out a symmetrical spin-off, as a result of which the food business will be separated from its investment portfolio in Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos. This operation will be described later in this Note.
- JGDB, Nugil and IHC will cease to be shareholders of Grupo SURA.
- Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos would cease to be shareholders of Grupo Nutresa.
- Grupo Nutresa ceases to be a shareholder of Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos.

³ The relevant information published by the Company when it comes to the Contracts is complemented with the publications of May 24 and June 29 of the current year.

The Contracts define the main activities, procedures, conditions and operations required to achieve the results outlined above, in addition to other obligations typical of this type of agreement, which must be fulfilled by each of the parties involved, as responsibilities are assigned in the Contracts and in the applicable laws. For illustrative purposes, below is a description of the stages that were defined in the Contracts, identifying the main obligations to be assumed by Grupo SURA.

- As indicated above, Grupo Nutresa would separate its Food business from its portfolio of investments in Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos, through a symmetrical spin-off operation, as a result of which a new company would be created that would own Grupo Nutresa's investments in Grupo Argos and Grupo SURA, which for the purposes of this Note will be called Nueva Sociedad Portafolio.
- For its part, Grupo Nutresa's Food business would be maintained in a company that would be called Nutresa Alimentos for purposes of this disclosure.
- Both companies will be listed on the Colombian Stock Exchange.
- The spin-off would be symmetrical, which means that for each Grupo Nutresa share, each shareholder will keep one share of Nutresa Alimentos and will receive one share of the New Company. In the case of Nugil, the shares received in the New Company will be subsequently contributed to an autonomous patrimony once the spin-off is completed.
- Once the approval of the Grupo Nutresa Assembly is obtained, the following contributions would be made to an autonomous patrimony (PA), whose constitution and operation would operate in accordance with the provisions of the Basic Legal Circular of the Financial Superintendency for trust businesses:
 - Grupo SURA would contribute the shares it owns in Grupo Nutresa.
 - Grupo Argos contributes the shares it owns in Grupo Nutresa.
 - Nugil, JGDB and IHC contribute the shares owned by them in Grupo SURA.
- Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos would jointly launch, in the proportion of 78.3% and 21.7% respectively, a takeover bid to all Nutresa "Alimentos" shareholders (i.e. after the spin-off of Portafolio) in which they may voluntarily and at their choice participate and choose between:
 - Sell Nutresa Alimentos shares at a price of USD 12 per share payable according to the conditions to be defined in the Tender Offer booklet, and/or

- Exchange shares of Nutresa Alimentos, receiving shares of Grupo SURA and Nueva Sociedad Portafolio (formed by shares of Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos). The above, in the same terms in which Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos agreed to negotiate with Nugil, JGDB and IHC in the Contracts.
- The terms of the exchange and other conditions of the Offer will be published in the Tender Offer booklet.
- Once the Tender Offer is concluded, Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos will contribute to the AP the awards received up to 10.1%. Likewise, the Contracts establish regulations applicable to Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos in their capacity as bidders in relation to the contribution of this percentage of Nutresa Alimentos shares to the AP. The definition of the rules applicable to this stage and the impacts for Grupo SURA are conditioned to the fulfillment of conditions precedent that, if fulfilled, would be timely disclosed to the market.
 - The following table summarizes some scenarios and their effects on Grupo SURA, for illustrative purposes, that could arise in the takeover bid considering the possibility of choice that Nutresa's minority shareholders will have.

a) Number of Nutresa shares exchanged (millions of shares)	b) Number of Nutresa shares for cash (million of shares)	c) No. shares to complete 10.1% = a + b	d) Cash requirement bX12USD (USD millions)	e) Cash requirement Grupo Sura = d x 78.3% (USD millions)
46,2	-	46,2	0,0	0,0
34,7	11,6	46,2	\$ 138,7	\$ 108,5
23,1	23,1	46,2	\$ 277,3	\$ 217,1
11,6	34,7	46,2	\$ 416,0	\$ 325,6
-	46,2	46,2	\$ 554,7	\$ 434,2

- The tender offer acceptances received in excess of 10.1% and up to 23.1% would be paid by Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos to the tender offer shareholders and their value will be reimbursed, at the same price, by IHC to the Offerors.
- Subsequently, the AP would return the contributions made (by Grupo SURA, Grupo Argos, Nugil, JGDB and IHC), upon compliance with the conditions agreed between the Parties, resulting in the exchange of shares, with which:
 - JGDB, Nugil and IHC will be the controlling shareholders of Nutresa Alimentos, and
 - Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos will receive the shares of Nueva Sociedad Portafolio and Grupo SURA that were owned by Nugil, JGDB and IHC.
 - JGDB, Nugil and IHC would cease to be shareholders of Grupo SURA.
 - Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos would cease to be shareholders of Grupo Nutresa.
 - Grupo Nutresa ceases to be a shareholder of Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos.

Once this stage is executed, Grupo SURA will present a reduction in its equity, as a result of a decrease in outstanding shares.

- Subsequently, the New Portfolio Company will be liquidated with the following effects:
 - Grupo SURA will receive its own and Grupo Argos' shares.
 - Grupo Argos will receive its own shares and Grupo SURA's shares.
 - The other shareholders of the New Portfolio Company will receive shares of Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos.

The execution of the stages described above is performed sequentially; therefore, the completion of each of the phases of the transaction is subject to the fulfillment of precedent conditions, which in turn determine the creation for the parties of the obligations and rights defined in the Agreements. Considering the above, there is no obligation as of September 30, 2023, since the steps required for the completion of the spin-off have not been executed. Grupo SURA will inform the market in a timely manner the progress of the execution of the operations and the corresponding impacts for the Company.

With the prior authorization of the Colombian Financial Superintendency and in order to guarantee compliance with applicable regulations at all times, part of the restitutions that Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos receive will be temporarily contributed to independent autonomous funds. The shares deposited there will not have political rights during the existence of these autonomous patrimonies.

To date, Grupo SURA has obtained all the necessary corporate authorizations for the execution of the Contracts and is in the process of taking the necessary steps before the regulatory authorities.

The Company will be evaluating the impacts derived in each of the stages of the execution of the transaction, as of September 30, 2023, based on the progress of the operation, the only effects identified are the classification of the investment in associate to non-current asset held for sale and the recognition of the deferred tax generated by it.

Progress of the transaction

On September 18, 2023, the Shareholders' Meeting of Grupo Nutresa approved the spin-off of the Company, as part of the operations agreed upon in the framework agreement. To date, the spin-off operation is in the process of being approved by the Colombian Financial Superintendence.

On the other hand, as announced on September 15, 2023, the Board of Directors authorized management to agree to implement certain amendments to the documents executed on June 15, 2023 (the "Agreements") associated with the exchange of Grupo Nutresa shares (the "Transaction").

The most relevant changes to the structure of the Transaction are mentioned below:

In the direct exchange agreements, the parties will replace the initially foreseen autonomous equity mechanism to be carried out in two stages:

- The first, once the Grupo Nutresa spin-off is completed. Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos ("Argos") will deliver approximately 45.5% of the shares of Nutresa (after the spin-off, hereinafter "Nutresa") to NUGIL, JGDB and IHC. With the foregoing, from that moment on, NUGIL, JGDB and IHC will have a 76.9% interest in Nutresa. In turn, NUGIL, JGDB and IHC will deliver to SURA and Argos shares of SURA and Sociedad Portafolio S.A. in an equivalent percentage in the exchange terms already reached in the Agreements.
- The second exchange of shares will take place after the completion of the tender offer for Nutresa shares, as detailed below

Modifications to the Agreements in connection with the tender offer:

- The tender offer that, according to the Agreements, Argos and SURA were to launch for 23.1% of Nutresa's shares will be launched, for the same 23.1%, jointly with IHC or an entity to be designated by the latter ("IHC").
- The obligation of SURA and Argos to deliver the 10.1% of Nutresa shares to JGDB, NUGIL and IHC agreed in the Agreements, will no longer be mandatorily fulfilled in Nutresa shares, but may be paid in cash at the rate of USD\$12 per share, in shares or with a combination of both, in the event that the share acceptances do not reach 10.1%.
- If the percentage of acceptances of the Tender Offer exceeds 10.1% of Nutresa shares, the shares exceeding such percentage will be acquired directly by IHC, at the price of USD\$12 defined in the Agreements.
- The other conditions of the Tender Offer initially agreed remain the same.

It is important to mention that these amendments have not been incorporated into the signed framework agreement documents as of September 30, 2023.

Accounting policy for non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets and disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use; these assets or disposal groups are presented separately as non-current assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of their carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell and are not depreciated or amortized from the date of classification.

This condition is met if the asset or group of assets is available for immediate sale in its present condition, the sale transaction is highly probable and is expected to be completed within one year from the classification date.

In order for the sale to be considered highly probable, the following conditions must be met:

- Management must be committed to a sale plan
- An active program to locate a buyer has been initiated

- The asset should be actively traded at a price that is reasonable in relation to its current fair value; and
- The sale is expected to be completed within one year from the date of classification.

Grupo SURA currently owns 163,005,625 common shares of Grupo Nutresa, which represent a 35.6% interest and exercises significant influence over it and is recorded as an investment in associates under the cost model and recognizes dividends charged to income.

Taking into account the aforementioned and with the approval of the Board of Directors on June 28, 2023 to advance in the execution of the Framework Agreement, management, after analyzing the requirements established in paragraph 8 of IFRS 5 - non-current assets held for sale, classified the investment of Grupo Nutresa as a non-current asset available for sale, amounting to \$ 4,312,229, recognizing the asset at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, so there is no impairment. Furthermore, the associated deferred tax was recognized in the amount of \$493,611⁽¹⁾, since the conditions to apply the exception described in IAS 12 Income Taxes are no longer met.

At the closing of these financial statements, the Grupo Nutresa investment classified as held for sale is not a segment or area of the Group, so it does not meet the requirements to be presented as a discontinued operation.

⁽¹⁾ Carrying amount: \$4,312,229; tax amount: \$1,021,488; rate: 15%.

NOTE 9. DIVIDENDS PAID AND DECLARED

The General Shareholders Meeting of Grupo SURA held on March 31, 2023, approved the following profit distribution project:

Dividends

An ordinary dividend of one thousand two hundred and eighty pesos (COP\$1,280) per share, on 579,228,875 common and preferred shares.

The dividend was declared from the occasional reserve not taxed with profits generated as of January 01, 2017 for COP \$741,413.

Dividends declared	N° of shares	2023		2022		
		Annual ordinary dividend per share in COP	Total dividend declared	N° of shares	Annual ordinary dividend per share in COP	Total dividend declared
Ordinary shares	466,720,702	1,280	597,403	466,720,702	784	365,909
Preferred shares	112,508,173	1,280	144,010	112,508,173	784	88,206
Total	579,228,875		741,413	579,228,875		454,115

The dividend will be payable and paid in cash quarterly in the months of April 2023, July 2023, October 2023 and January 2024. It will be 100% non-taxable for the shareholder.

In Colombia the distribution of dividends is made on the basis of the separate financial statements.

NOTE 10. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The other comprehensive income of Grupo SURA is presented below by concept as of September 2023 and 2022:

Concept	Note	December 2022	Adjustment for the period	September 2023
New defined benefit plan measures	10.1	4,563	-	4,563
Gain on investments in equity instruments	10.2, 5.1	25,763	(14,013)	11,750
Loss on exchange difference on conversion		(10,827)	-	(10,827)
Cash flow hedges	10.3	(133,356)	61,706	(71,650)
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method	10.4	4,349,397	(2,053,642)	2,295,755
Total comprehensive income		4,235,540	(2,005,949)	2,229,591

Concept	Note	December 2021	Adjustment for the period	September 2022
New defined benefit plan measures	10.1	2,441	-	2,441
Gain on investments in equity instruments	10.2, 5.1	16,132	10,025	26,157
Loss on exchange difference on conversion		(10,827)	-	(10,827)
Cash flow hedges	10.3	(19,257)	(80,318)	(99,575)
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method	10.4	1,937,979	1,070,145	3,008,124
Total comprehensive income		1,926,468	999,852	2,926,320

10.1. New defined benefit plan measures

The component of remeasurements of defined benefit plans represents the accumulated value of actuarial gains or losses, excluding the values included in the net interest on the net defined benefit liability. The net value of remeasurements is transferred to retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or loss for the period.

10.2. Gain (loss) from investment in equity instruments

Corresponds to the change in the investment of Enka de Colombia S.A., which is classified at fair value with changes in equity.

10.3. Cash flow derivative hedges

Below is a detail of the movement of the cash flow derivative hedge:

	Note	December 2022	Movement period	September 2023
Cash flow hedges	5.2.1.1	(205,163)	94,933	(110,230)
Taxes	6.2	71,806	(33,226)	38,580
Total		(133,357)	61,707	(71,650)

	Note	December 2021	Movement period	September 2022
Cash flow hedges	5.2.1.1	(29,626)	(123,566)	(153,192)
Taxes		10,369	43,248	53,617
Total		(19,257)	(80,318)	(99,575)

10.4. Equity in other comprehensive income of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method

The component records the changes in equity in investments in subsidiaries in the application of the equity method. **(See detail in Note 7.2 Investments in subsidiaries).**

NOTE 11. INCOME

The following is a detail of income:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Dividends ⁽¹⁾	1,161,899	931,885	-	-
Income from the Equity Method (note 7.2)	886,183	311,566	100,944	40,220
Other income ⁽²⁾	32,160	37,606	(39)	16,132
Investment income, net ⁽³⁾	12,313	817	2,081	299
Fair value investment income (note 5.1.1)	(9,847)	1,587	(923)	(227)
Total	2,082,708	1,283,461	102,063	56,424

⁽¹⁾ Detail of dividend income is as follows:

	Note	Accumulated	
		September 2023	September 2022
Dividend income from associates	7.1	1,161,109	931,194
Dividend income Enka instruments		790	691
Total		1,161,899	931,885

⁽²⁾ Details of other income are presented below:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Usufruct ⁽⁴⁾	32,177	37,540	-	16,089
Collections and recoveries	(36)	59	(47)	43
Work disability	19	7	8	-
Total	32,160	37,606	(39)	16,132

⁽³⁾ The balance corresponds to returns on cash equivalents in Sura SAC and Protección.

⁽⁴⁾ Amortization of usufruct (*See note 17 Related party disclosures*).

NOTE 12. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

The administrative expenses are as follows:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Taxes	(22,533)	(13,567)	(7,507)	(5,635)
Donations	(6,963)	(6,731)	-	(53)
Travel	(6,143)	(4,865)	(1,980)	(1,632)
Commissions	(3,580)	(2,074)	(1,113)	(367)
Contributions	(2,492)	(1,329)	(512)	(183)
Publicity	(2,340)	(2,962)	(450)	(705)
Insurance	(1,809)	(3,535)	(49)	(624)
Electronic data processing	(1,172)	(366)	(472)	(126)
Others ^(*)	(1,067)	(890)	(161)	(144)
Maintenance and repairs	(949)	(352)	(715)	(33)

Representation	(927)	(584)	(350)	(239)
Utilities	(559)	(425)	(144)	(163)
Seasonal services	(370)	(147)	(247)	(45)
Leases	(162)	(558)	(70)	(207)
Legal	(39)	(27)	(12)	(6)
Stationery and supplies	(17)	(28)	20	(8)
Total	(51,122)	(38,440)	(13,762)	(10,170)

(*) The balance includes an administrative sanction of \$400 million imposed by the Super Financiera de Colombia (Super Financiera de Colombia, SFC, Acronym in Spanish original), by means of resolution No. 506 of 2023, for considering that the regulations related to the capitalization regime were not complied with.

NOTE 13. FEES

Fee expenses are detailed as follows:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Advisory ^(*)	(39,651)	(25,395)	(12,882)	(2,570)
Technical assistance	(2,390)	(812)	(1,040)	(401)
Board of Directors	(1,675)	(1,572)	(526)	(625)
Auditor	(845)	(357)	(339)	(111)
Consulting	(519)	(4,253)	(220)	(923)
IT	(14)	(206)	(3)	-
Total	(45,094)	(32,595)	(15,010)	(4,630)

(*) The balance includes mainly expenses related to the execution of the Grupo Nutresa S.A. exchange agreement.

NOTE 14. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The financial results are detailed below:

	Note	Accumulated		Quarter	
		September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Gains at fair value - Derivatives	5.2.1.2	(79,259)	37,758	(9,500)	30,603
Exchange rate difference (Net)	14.1	45,187	(26,735)	417	(25,723)
Interest	14.2	(472,239)	(382,929)	(156,058)	(135,783)
Total		(506,311)	(371,906)	(165,141)	(130,903)

14.1. Foreign exchange difference (Net)

A detail of the difference in exchange rate is presented below:

	Note	Accumulated		Quarter	
		September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Bonds ¹		400,555	(334,270)	65,587	(239,731)
Loans in USD		16,109	-	455	-
Hedging derivatives ²	5.2.1.1	(371,477)	307,535	(65,625)	214,008
Total		45,187	(26,735)	417	(25,723)

¹⁻²The variation is mainly due to the decrease in the MRR from one period to another and to the repurchase for USD 20 million in September 2022.

14.2. Interests

A detail of the interest is presented below:

	Note	Accumulated		Quarter	
		September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Bonds issued		(288,092)	(253,799)	(86,742)	(92,339)
Bank loans		(78,956)	(40,369)	(28,398)	(19,213)
Hedging transactions	5.2.1.1	(67,811)	(54,484)	(26,716)	(13,367)
Preferred stock		(30,182)	(30,190)	(10,170)	(10,173)
Repo transactions		(3,535)	(3,370)	(1,901)	(1,558)
Other		(3,047)	(86)	(1,922)	1,081
Financial leases		(616)	(631)	(209)	(214)
Total		(472,239)	(382,929)	(156,058)	(135,783)

The variation in securities issued and loans from banks with respect to the previous period corresponds to the increase in the CPI, since most of the securities issued are indexed to it, and to the increase in interest rates on bank loans.

NOTE 15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings for share are calculated by dividing profit and loss, attributable to shareholders, by the number of outstanding shares, during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the average number of common and preferred shares outstanding to simulate the conversion of all potential dilutive common shares. Put option contracts with non-controlling interests that can be paid with Grupo Sura shares (**see Note 5.2.3**) could represent dilutive effects.

The calculation of basic earnings per share is detailed below:

	Accumulated		Quarter	
	September 2023	September 2022	September 2023	September 2022
Profit, net	977,907	810,642	(87,959)	(102,641)
Non-controlling profit	-	-	-	-
Controlling profit	977,907	810,642	(87,959)	(102,641)
Plus: Interest expense on preferred shares (Note 14) ⁽¹⁾	30,182	30,190	10,170	10,173
Less: undistributed earnings to preferred stockholders ⁽²⁾	(195,809)	(163,321)	(100,929)	(53,113)
Profit from continuing operations	812,280	677,510	(34,707)	(57,374)
Ordinary shares	466,720,702	466,720,702	466,720,702	466,720,702
Earnings per share from continuing operations	1,740	1,452	(74)	(123)
Number of shares to be issued from commitments with non-controlling interests	30,419,944	21,479,930	(348,455)	(4,232,880)
Earnings per share from ordinary continuing operations with dilutive effects	822,051	683,350	29,722	55,830
Earnings per share diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	1,654	1,400	(59)	(108)

(1) It corresponds to the minimum guaranteed dividend of the preferential shares caused as an expense during the period.

(2) Corresponds to the portion of the earnings of the parent company attributable to the preferred shares, that has not been declared as a dividend.

Within the commitments with non-controlling interest described in Note 5.2.3 there could be a dilutive effect, for the agreement with CDPQ that can be settled with shares of the Company, after the end of the Lock Up (10

years after the signing of the Agreement), in the event that it is decided to pay with common shares of Grupo SURA, the diluted effect on earnings per share at September 30, 2023 is \$87 and \$52 at September 30, 2022.

NOTE 16. RISK MANAGEMENT (UNAUDITED)

For Grupo SURA, risk management is a dynamic and interactive process, which is a key component of the strategy that supports decision-making processes. Understanding risks as opportunities, preparing for uncertainty, setting up new businesses, exploring geographies, strengthening talent, among other aspects, are an essential part of this management. This management model is consistent with our risk vision as an investment manager, reaffirms our comprehensive management of the aggregate risks of the portfolio and enables us to perform prospective risk analysis considering the existing correlation between them.

Below are the main risks around which the Company prioritizes and focuses its management. These are grouped into financial, strategic and operational risks.

Financial Risk Management

Financial risk refers to the possibility that the results of companies and their capital structure may be affected by variations in asset prices, the failure of third parties to pay their obligations, or risk situations derived from the environment.

For Grupo SURA it is fundamental to have optimal capital structures and adequate levels of capital to enable compliance with the obligations acquired with its stakeholders. For this reason, among others, management systems are required to monitor and manage the exposure to the different financial risks (credit, market and liquidity risks).

The following is a detail of the management performed by Grupo SURA on the main financial risks:

1. Credit Risk Management

Credit risk management seeks to reduce the probability of incurring losses derived from the non-compliance of financial obligations contracted by third parties with the Companies.

Description of the objectives, policies, and processes for risk management

To manage this risk, from the management of treasury resources, guidelines have been defined, which facilitate the analysis and monitoring of issuers and counterparties, ensuring that investments are always backed by issuers and/or managers, with adequate strength credit.

Methods used to measure risk

The risk instances, of the Company, analyze the counterparts, issuers, and managers, in order to evaluate their credit support and deliver the investment limits that should be considered by the treasury.

Summary of quantitative data on the risk exposure of the entity

To date, the treasury investments of Grupo SURA are mostly concentrated in liquid collective investment funds managed by high credit quality managers, savings accounts and checking accounts.

Regarding the credit risk in derivative instruments positions, the Company has as counterparty local and international banks with adequate credit ratings, all of them above investment grade. Below is a list of the

counterparties, their credit rating (in international and local scale*) and the net exposure with each counterparty:

Financial derivatives net exposure			
Bank	Qualification	September 2023	December 2022
Merrill Lynch International	A+	49,184	105,004
Citibank N.A.	A+	61,971	105,271
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	A+	112,202	257,080
Morgan Stanley & Co International PLC	A+	11,963	-
Goldman Sachs International	A+	30,956	98,243
Santander	A+	2,036	-
Davivienda S.A.	BB+	-23,910	-
BBVA S.A.	BB+	-2,005	-6,879
Bancolombia S.A.	BB+	-6,303	-191

Figures in millions of pesos

For a more detailed description of the financial assets of the Company, see Note 5.1 Financial Assets.

Other minor assets, not material to the Company, are Loans and Receivables, which correspond to loans to employees and other accounts with low credit risk. Further details of these accounts receivable are included in Note 5.1.

Impairment of assets and accounts receivables

The Company periodically analyzes the existence of impairment indicators and, if necessary, recognizes impairment losses in the associated account. The detail of the accounting policies used to perform this management, including the impairment methods.

1.2 Market Risk Management

Market risk refers to how variations in market prices affect the income of the Company or the value of its investments.

Market risk in Grupo SURA is mainly generated by the following factors and activities:

- Liquidity management in the treasury through exposure to collective portfolios and issuers of fixed income instruments; these activities do not generate significant market risk, due to their low volatility and short duration.
- Financial liabilities contracted in foreign currency and those tied to variable rate, which result in an exposure to exchange rate risk and fixed or variable interest rate.
- Operations with financial derivative instruments structured as hedging mechanisms for the financial liabilities that comprise the obligations of the Company.

1.2.1 Exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk is the probability that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in exchange rates. The Company is exposed to this risk to the extent that it has assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

Description of the objectives, policies and processes for risk management

To manage this risk, the Company monitors its exposures in accordance with the policies and guidelines issued by the Board of Directors and, if necessary, determines the convenience of having a hedging scheme.

Methods used to measure risk

The exchange rate risk management performed by the treasury of the Company focuses on the analysis of the convenience of hedging in order to neutralize the impact that exchange rate variations may have on its results and thus reduce the exposure to this risk.

Description of changes in risk exposure

During the period, the ceilings of some hedging derivatives were increased through swaps and options transactions.

Sensitivity analysis on foreign exchange risk exposure

The following is a sensitivity analysis that seeks to estimate the impact generated by variations in the exchange rate on the liabilities in dollars and financial derivatives; and as such, on the pre-tax profits of the Company.

These sensitivities are made taking into account simulated variations of +/- 10% in the peso-dollar exchange rate against its closing value:

Exchange rate sensitivities - September 2023		
Exchange Rate 4,053.76	+10% in the exchange rate	-10% in the exchange rate
Financial Liabilities	(16,611)	16,611
Derivatives	251,403	(259,606)
Total	234,792	(242,995)

Exchange rate sensitivities- December 2022		
Exchange Rate 4,810.2	+10% in the exchange rate	-10% in the exchange rate
Financial Liabilities	(22,755)	22,755
Derivatives	169,597	(177,010)
Total	146,842	(154,255)

Amounts in millions of pesos

For the analysis of the results, it is important to highlight that those financial obligations in foreign currency whose associated derivatives are classified as hedge accounting, reflect the mitigation of the impact on results for the hedged exposure of the cash flows. For this reason, the effects of changes in exchange rate prices are not reflected in the income statement.

1.2.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Exposure to this risk arises from holding fixed-income assets and/or liabilities associated with variable interest rates.

Description of the objectives, policies and processes for risk management.

To manage exposure to this risk, the Company monitors its exposures and, if necessary, determines the convenience of having a hedging scheme, monitored periodically and aligned with the guidelines issued by its Board of Directors.

Methods used to measure risk

The interest rate risk management performed by the treasury of the Company focuses on the analysis of the convenience of hedging in order to neutralize the impact that interest rate variations may have on its results and thus reduce the exposure to this risk.

Description of changes in risk exposure

There were no significant changes in the exposure to risk.

Sensitivity analysis of the exposure to interest rate risk

A sensitivity analysis is presented below in order to estimate the impact that a change in the interest rate would have on the valuation of the hedging derivatives, based on scenarios of +/- 10 PB in the interest rate in pesos:

Interest Rate Sensitivities- September 2023		
	+10pb variation in the interest rate	-10pb variation in the interest rate
Financial Liabilities	232	(232)
Derivatives	1,231	(1,238)
Total	1,463	(1,470)

Interest Rate Sensitivities- December 2022		
	+10pb variation in the interest rate	-10pb variation in the interest rate
Financial Liabilities	426	(428)
Derivatives	2,367	(2,384)
Total	2,793	(2,812)

Amounts in millions of pesos

1.2.3 Stock price risk

Stock price risk is the probability that the fair value of a financial instrument will decrease as a result of changes in the prices of variable income assets.

Description of the objectives, policies and processes for risk management

For the management of this risk, treasury resource management has defined guidelines to facilitate the analysis and follow-up of how variations in the market prices of the instruments held could affect the Company.

Methods used to measure risk

The internal risk management system considers the process of evaluating how variations in market prices affect the income of the Company or the value of its investments.

Description of changes in risk exposure

It is important to highlight that based on the public tender offers for Grupo Nutresa, the liquidity of these shares is expected to be affected in the future as a result of the new shareholder composition of the entity.

Summary of quantitative data on the risk exposure of the entity

Given the nature of the portfolio and investments, the exposures to this risk are not material.

For further details please refer to note 5.1. Financial assets.

1.3. Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk refers to the ability of the Company to generate the necessary resources to comply with the obligations acquired and the operation of its business.

Description of the objectives, policies and processes for risk management

For the management of this risk, Grupo SURA orients its actions within the framework of a liquidity management strategy for the short and long term in accordance with the policies and guidelines issued by the Board of Directors and Senior Management, which contemplate short-term and structural aspects, in order to ensure compliance with the obligations acquired, under the conditions initially agreed and without incurring in cost overruns.

Methods used to measure risk

To manage this risk, following the policies and guidelines issued by the Board of Directors and Senior Management, the Company monitors cash flow in the short term to manage collection and payment activities from the treasury, and cash flow projections in the medium term, in order to determine the liquidity position and anticipate the necessary measures for an adequate management.

In addition, the Company has credit lines available with financial institutions and treasury investments that could be sold as a mechanism to access liquidity, in addition to other complementary sources of liquidity.

Summary of quantitative data on the risk exposure of the entity

The maturities associated with assets to manage risk are presented below:

Maturities associated with assets to manage liquidity risk

September 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents (*)	485,543	-	-	485,543
Investments	-	-	35,920	35,920
Accounts receivable, related parties	745,836	-	-	745,836
Other accounts receivable	7,341	-	-	7,341
Total	1,238,720	-	35,920	1,274,640
December 2022	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	5,025	-	-	5,025
Investments	-	-	49,932	49,932
Accounts receivable, related parties	233,870	-	-	233,870
Other accounts receivable	1,037	-	-	1,037
Total	239,932	-	49,932	289,864

Amounts in millions of pesos

(*) The variation in cash is mainly due to the fact that in September Grupo Sura received a loan of \$450 billion from Bancolombia and created a Term Deposit Certificate (*CDT*, acronym for Spanish original) in USD for \$5 million in order to have resources for the company's upcoming obligations.

For further details see Note 5.1 Financial Assets.

It should be clarified for purposes of this analysis that at the end of the period there are no restrictions on the cash and cash equivalents caption in the Statement of Financial Position that limit the use or availability of these assets for the company.

Likewise, the maturities of the Company's financial obligations are presented below:

September 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial obligations	665,763	313,621	450,749	1,430,133
Derivative instruments	33,408	167,154	-	200,562
Accounts payable to related parties	407,140	-	-	407,140
Other accounts payable	109,624	-	-	109,625
Bonds issued	167,478	2,491,232	983,620	3,642,330

Preferred shares	-	-	459,781	459,781
Total	1,383,413	2,972,007	1,894,150	6,249,571
December 2022	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Financial obligations	141,308	698,672	-	839,980
Derivative instruments	7,070	430,075	-	437,145
Accounts payable to related parties	159,493	-	-	159,493
Other accounts payable	34,136	-	-	34,136
Bonds issued	352,680	3,030,564	986,271	4,369,515
Preferred shares	-	-	459,955	459,955
Total	694,687	4,159,311	1,446,226	6,300,224

For further details see Note 5.2 Financial Liabilities.

Description of changes in risk exposure

During this period of the year the Company did not present relevant changes in its liquidity situation, maintaining stable and adequate levels of coverage of expenses over income and debt over dividends, which allow us to anticipate, with reasonable certainty, that the company has the necessary resources to meet its projected cash commitments.

The following are the events and situations that, in the opinion of the Management of Grupo SURA, are relevant to disclose to the different stakeholders due to their potential impact on the liquidity situation of the Company:

Agreements with co-investors

Regarding the co-investment agreements with CDPQ and Munich RE, to date no cash or liquid resources requirements have been identified for the company arising from these documents. Therefore, these options do not currently represent immediate liquidity pressures.

Regarding the contract signed with Grupo Bolivar and continuing with what was reported in previous quarters, Grupo SURA confirms that as of the date of approval of the Financial Statements, neither the timing nor the exit mechanisms of the operation to dispose of its participation in SURA Asset Management are known. The definition of these elements will be made between both parties and will determine the value of the transaction, according to the clauses established in the contract. Notwithstanding the above, it is important to clarify that, according to the terms of the contract, liquidity requirements could be generated in the short term for the company.

In addition to the above, the amount of liabilities accounted for with non-controlling interests in the entity's Consolidated Financial Statements is presented below, in order to serve as a reference for the reader on this matter:

September 2023	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Commitments with non-controlling interests	1,502,000		1,418,950	2,920,950

December 2022	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Commitments with non-controlling interests			2,810,956	2,810,956

*These liabilities are not reflected in the Separate Financial Statements, considering the reasons explained in Note 5.2.3. Commitments with non-controlling shareholders, Exit option with non-controlling shareholders, of these Financial Statements.

Framework Agreement

Regarding the operation derived from the Framework Agreement entered into with IHC Capital Holding L.L.C., Nugil S.A.S., JGDB Holding S.A.S., Grupo Nutresa S.A. and Grupo Argos S.A., whose details can be consulted in Note 8. Non-current assets held for sale, it is worth noting that by virtue of the terms stipulated therein, the Company assumes a series of legal and financial obligations that will have a direct impact on its liquidity position. The magnitude of this impact will depend directly on the way in which each of the mechanisms defined in the transaction are developed, the final set of participants in the transaction and the terms in which the different regulatory approvals currently in process are issued.

Non-current assets held for sale present a summary of the possible impacts on the Company's liquidity based on different scenarios of participation by Grupo Nutresa's minority shareholders in the takeover bid that must be carried out to meet the provisions of the operation. It is important to note that these estimates do not include the effects that will arise from the tax obligations associated with the operation, whose materialization in the Company's liquidity is projected for the first half of 2024. As the process progresses, this note will disclose with greater precision the specific impacts and risks that may arise in relation to the Company's liquidity management.

With the purpose of complying with the obligations derived from the aforementioned transactions, the Company is implementing a comprehensive liquidity management that takes into account the joint effect of both operations. To achieve this objective, the Company is making arrangements with banks and other mechanisms to finance these transactions. Nevertheless, it is essential to highlight that this process will be subject to several environmental factors that may impact the risk appetite of the banks and by transitivity the liquidity of Grupo SURA. These include high interest rates in the market and the possibility that they will remain at their current level for a prolonged period of time, exchange rate volatility and variations in the national economic cycle. Additionally, the interpretation that each financial entity makes regarding the future economic relationship between Grupo SURA and Grupo Argos could impact the total financing that the Company can access, given that, if it is interpreted that both entities form the same risk group, the internal and regulatory limits could reduce the credit quotas assigned.

Suramericana S.A.

To date, Suramericana S.A. maintains a strong liquidity position at all levels, proactively monitoring and projecting its cash flows in the short and medium term, managing treasury activities and optimizing resource management.

Despite the Company's overall liquidity position, it is worth emphasizing the financial condition of EPS Suramericana S.A. and its potential impact on shareholders. Despite the fact that Suramericana S.A. has never received dividends from this investment, and that there is no legal obligation of Suramericana S.A. as shareholder of such company to be jointly and severally liable for the entity's liabilities, there are scenarios that are being evaluated by the management that would eventually require disbursements by Suramericana, which at this date are not considered probable and could derive from the non-compliance of conditions and financial qualification of EPS Suramericana S. A. It is worth mentioning that the scenario described above is not considered probable and could derive from the non-compliance of conditions and financial qualification of EPS Suramericana S.A. It is important to highlight that the previously described scenario is impacted by the factors described in Note 3. Significant accounting judgments, estimates and causes of uncertainties in the preparation of the financial statements, Evaluation of the going concern principle of EPS Suramericana S.A. subsidiary.

The potential materialization of this risk, as well as its extent and amount, depends on multiple future factors that continue to be evaluated. Suramericana S.A.'s management is taking judicial and management measures

to face and mitigate these risks, including constant interaction with the regulator, meetings and union meetings and participation in technical roundtables with the National Government, seeking key definitions and the continuity of the system. Despite these efforts, uncertainties persist, and it is essential to consider them when assessing the entity's future liquidity position.

Lastly, in August, two purchase and sale agreements were signed whereby Suramericana S.A. sold all of its operations in Argentina and El Salvador, for USD 19 million and close to USD 43.7 million, respectively. These transactions were carried out with the aim of restructuring its operations in Latin America, optimizing capital management in order to consolidate and maintain its regional footprint. This fact contributes to an improvement in the Company's current liquidity and solvency position. Refer to Note 18. Events after the reporting date for further information on the status of regulatory approvals of these transactions.

NOTE 17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Subsidiaries, associated companies, key management personnel, as well as entities over which key management personnel can exercise control are considered related parties of Grupo SURA.

The following is the detail of related parties as of September 30, 2023, September 30 and December 31, 2022 of Grupo SURA:

Assets	September 2023			December 2022		
	Individuals Key management personnel	Associates	Entities Subsidiaries	Individuals Key management personnel	Associates	Entities Subsidiaries
Dividend receivables						
Bancolombia S.A.	-	415,502	-	-	183,310	-
Grupo Argos S.A.	-	67,357	-	-	29,286	-
Grupo Nutresa S.A. ⁽¹⁾	-	110,058	-	-	21,274	-
Suramericana S.A.	-	-	152,919	-	-	-
Total assets	-	592,917	152,919	-	233,870	-
Liabilities						
Accounts payable to related parties						
JDGB Holding S.A.S. ⁽²⁾	-	121,131	-	-	34,598	-
Grupo Argos S.A.	-	83,208	-	-	25,362	-
Grupo Nutresa S.A.	-	39,701	-	-	12,101	-
Others ⁽³⁾	-	129,959	-	-	44,445	-
Usufruct contract ⁽⁴⁾	-	-	-	-	-	32,177
Inversiones y Construcciones Estratégicas S.A.S	-	-	33,141	-	-	10,810
Total accounts payable related parties	-	373,999	33,141	-	116,506	42,987
Employee benefits ⁽⁵⁾	35,365	-	-	35,365	-	-
Financial obligations ⁽⁶⁾	-	1,112,451	-	-	637,217	-
Total liabilities	35,365	1,486,450	33,141	35,365	753,723	42,987

⁽¹⁾ Investment reclassified as non-current asset available for sale in June 2023. (See note 8)

⁽²⁾ Includes dividend payable from the companies IHC Capital Holding L.L.C and Nugil S.A.S.

⁽³⁾ Corresponds to the dividend payable to other shareholders.

⁽⁴⁾ Corresponds to deferred income generated by the usufruct contract explained in **note 7.2**, with a duration of 16 months from March 2022 to June 2023.

⁽⁵⁾ Corresponds to employee benefits of key management personnel, accrued to date.

⁽⁶⁾ Corresponds to five outstanding loans with Bancolombia S.A.

Income	Accumulated			Quarter		
	September 2023			September 2022		
	Individuals Key management personnel	Associates	Entities Subsidiaries	Individuals Key management personnel	Associates	Entities Subsidiaries

Dividends										
Bancolombia S.A.	-	831,004	-	-	733,238	-	-	-	-	-
Grupo Argos S.A.	-	134,714	-	-	117,143	-	-	-	-	-
Grupo Nutresa S.A.	-	195,391	-	-	80,813	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	790	-	-	691	-	-	-	-
Total dividends	-	1,161,109	790	-	931,194	691	-	-	-	-
Amortization of usufruct	-	-	32,177	-	-	37,540	-	-	-	16,089
Total income	-	1,161,109	32,967	-	931,194	38,231	-	-	-	16,089
Expenses										
Administrative expenses	-	-	367	-	-	3,532	-	671	-	583
Employee benefits	8,213	-	-	10,908	-	-	2,649	-	3,104	-
Fees	1,675	-	-	1,572	-	-	526	-	625	-
Total expenses	9,888	-	367	12,480	-	3,532	3,175	671	3,729	583

Transactions with related parties were carried out at normal market prices and under normal market conditions.

Subsidiary companies under direct control of Grupo SURA are listed in [Note 7.2 Investments in subsidiaries](#).

NOTE 18. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

These separate financial statements as of September 30, 2023 were prepared for supervisory purposes and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors of Grupo SURA on November 14, 2023, after that cut-off date and until their publication, the following relevant events have occurred that do not imply adjustments to the financial statements presented:

Changes in the subsidiaries of Suramericana S.A.

Aseguradora suiza salvadoreña S.A. and subsidiaries

On October 5, 2023, the Superintendence of Competition of El Salvador referred to the transaction of the sale of the operations of Seguros Sura in El Salvador, stating that there is no need to make a ruling regarding a possible economic concentration as a result of such transaction, considering that it does not imply a concentration of business in the country, since the acquiring group does not have active operations in El Salvador.

With the foregoing, we are still awaiting the authorization of the Superintendence of the Financial System of El Salvador and Panama (domicile of the buyer), in order to finalize the necessary acts to close the transaction and consequently transfer the shares to complete the transaction.

On October 18, 2023 a decision of the Contentious Administrative Chamber of El Salvador was known, by which it ruled in relation to an action initiated by Seguros Sura Personas in that country, where it sought to attack the Resolutions of the Board of Directors of the Superintendence of Competition on 17/04/2014 and 27/05/2015 under reference SC-012-0-PS-R-2013 in which a fine of USD \$ 1,365,364.56 was imposed. The pronouncement of the Contentious-Administrative Chamber leaves the fine imposed on Seguros Sura Personas firm.

Seguros SURA Argentina S.A.

On October 11, 2023, the share purchase and sale agreement was completed, through which Suramericana S.A. sold its insurance operation in Argentina to Sudamericana Holding S.A., which belongs to Grupo Financiero Galicia S.A., after having obtained the authorizations from the relevant authorities and having carried out the last acts necessary for the closing of the transaction, such as the approval of the Board of Directors and the transfer of the shares.

With the closing of this transaction, the South American subsidiary will have a negative effect on results of \$77 billion.

NOTE 19. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The issuance of the financial statements of Grupo SURA for the year ended September 30, 2023 was authorized by the Board of Directors for publication, as stated in Act No. 412 of the Board of Directors dated November 14, 2023, to be presented to the market.



CHAPTER

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL RESULTS (UNAUDITED)

Below are the analyses of financial results for the period ended September 30, 2023, with comparative figures as of December 31, 2022. These analyses are made by management and are not part of the Financial Statements (Expressed in millions of pesos).

	INDEX	September		December		INTERPRETATION	
		2023		2022			
	Solvency	6,626,268	= 20.33%	6,319,743	= 18.58%	Creditors own 20.33% as of September 2023 and 18.58% as of December 2022, leaving shareholders owning 79.67% in September 2023 and 81.42% as of December 2022.	Total liability
		32,590,921		34,021,832			Total asset
	Total	6,626,268	= 20.33%	6,319,743	= 18.58%	Of every peso the company has invested in assets, 20.33% as of September 2023 and 18.58% as of December 2022 have been financed by creditors.	Total liability
		32,590,921		34,021,832			Total asset
	Coverage of interest	1,450,146	= 307.08%	1,604,701	= 294.04%	The Company generated a net gain equal to 307.08% at September 2023 and 294.04% at December 2022 from Interest Paid	Net profit + interest
		472,239		545,737			Financial expenses
	Leverage	6,626,268		6,319,743		Every \$1 peso of the Company's owners is committed 25.52% as of September 2023 and 22.81% as of December 2022.	Total liabilities with third parties
		25,964,653	= 25.52%	27,702,089	= 22.81%		Equity
	Financial Total	5,532,244		5,669,450		For each peso of equity, 21.31% is financially committed as of September 2023 and 20.47% as of December 2022.	Total liabilities with financial entities
		25,964,653	= 21.31%	27,702,089	= 20.47%		Equity
	Net profit margin	977,907	= 46.95%	1,058,964	= 60.66%	Net income corresponds to 46.95% of net income as of September 2023 and 60.66% as of December 2022.	Net Profit
		2,082,708		1,745,728			Net Income
	Return on equity	977,907	= 3.91%	1,058,964	= 3.97%	Net income corresponds to 3.91% of equity at September 2023 and 3.97% at December 2022.	Net Profit
		24,986,746		26,643,125			Equity - profits
	Return on total assets	977,907	= 3.00%	1,058,964	= 3.11%	Net income to total assets corresponds to 3% as of September 2023 and 3.11% in December 2022.	Net Profit
		32,590,921		34,021,832			Total assets